

2015 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: NORTH TRAILS MUTUAL WATER CO

Report Date: June 2016

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2015.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to SWRCB records, the Sources are Groundwater. The Assessments were done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 3 source(s): Well 07, Well 08 - Pending and Well 09
and from 1 treated location(s): 11540 Durango Lane

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call 661-268-8125 and ask for Mark Whatley.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for the contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the California Department of Public Health (Department) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Department regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The Department allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER

Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Copper (ppm)	10 (2015)	0.05	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Table 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Sodium (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	86	60 - 111	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	131	20.7 - 242	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Aluminum (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	0.63	ND - 1.90	1	0.6	Erosion of natural deposits; residue from some surface water treatment processes
Arsenic (ppb)	(2015)	15	N/A	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes

Fluoride (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	2.7	0.3 - 5.0	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate as N (ppm)	(2015)	ND	ND - 3.8	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate + Nitrite as N (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	2.8	0.4 - 5.2	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2015)	5.251	ND - 13.2	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.
Uranium (pCi/L)	(2015)	2.82	ND - 6.79	20	0.43	Erosion of natural deposits
Toluene (ppb)	(2011 - 2015)	ND	ND - 0.6	150	150	Discharge from petroleum and chemical factories; underground gas tank leaks

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 4 - TREATED DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2015)	6.16	N/A	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.
Uranium (pCi/L)	(2015)	4.94	N/A	20	0.43	Erosion of natural deposits

Table 5 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Chloride (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	59	27 - 90	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Iron (ppb)	(2011 - 2015)	425	ND - 850	300	n/a	Leaching from natural deposits; Industrial wastes
Manganese (ppb)	(2011 - 2015)	ND	ND - 20	50	n/a	Leaching from natural deposits
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm)	(2011 - 2015)	628	525 - 730	1600	n/a	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	29	25 - 33	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	345	310 - 380	1000	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity (NTU)	(2011)	0.6	N/A	5	n/a	Soil runoff

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 6 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Boron (ppm)	(2011 - 2015)	1.5	0.1 - 2.9	1	The babies of some pregnant women who drink water containing boron in excess of the notification level may have an increased risk of developmental effects, based on studies in laboratory animals.

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *North Trails Mutual Water Co.* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

About our Aluminum: Some people who drink water containing aluminum in excess of the MCL over many years may experience short-term gastrointestinal tract effects.

About our Arsenic: Some people who drink water containing arsenic in excess of the MCL over many years could experience skin damage or problems with their circulatory system, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

For Arsenic (As) results above 5 ppb up to and including 10 ppb: While your drinking water meets the federal and state standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. The arsenic standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from the drinking water. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

About our Fluoride: Some people who drink water containing fluoride in excess of the federal MCL of 4 mg/L over many years may get bone disease, including pain and tenderness of the bones. Children who drink water containing fluoride in excess of the state MCL of 2 mg/L may get mottled teeth.

Systems with nitrate (as nitrogen) above 5 ppm (50% of the MCL), but below 10 ppm (the MCL): Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in a serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10 mg/L may also affect the ability of the blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with certain specific enzyme deficiencies. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

About our Iron: Iron was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Iron MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste, odor and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks), and clothing while washing. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

2015 Consumer Confidence Report Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 06 and WELL 07 of the NORTH TRAILS MUTUAL WATER CO water system in April, 2002. A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 08 of the NORTH TRAILS

MUTUAL WATER CO water system in August, 2004. The source WELL 09 of the NORTH TRAILS MUTUAL WATER CO is located only 10 feet from WELL 06, therefore is subject to the same activities. The 11540 DURANGO LANE of the NORTH TRAILS MUTUAL WATER CO is a central meeting point of the water from each well therefore does not require an assessment.

- Well 07 - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:
Grazing [> 5 large animals or equivalent per acre]
Septic systems - low density [<1/acre]
- Well 08 - Pending - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:
Grazing [> 5 large animals or equivalent per acre]
Septic systems - low density [<1/acre]
- Well 09 - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:
Grazing [> 5 large animals or equivalent per acre]
Septic systems - low density [<1/acre]

Discussion of Vulnerability

WELLS 06, 07, 09: This water system draws from 4 - 5 wells and the water delivered from this system is known to have elevated nitrate levels - over half the MCL of 45 ppm. This water system is currently drawing water from other wells to assure that the water it delivers is below the MCL. Los Angeles County Environmental Health currently oversees this system and conducts the required monitoring tests. Please note that although Well 06 is dry the Assessment info has been included in this report as a reference for Well 09, as WELL 09 is subject to the same Possible Contaminating Activity (PCE) as WELL 06 and uses the same source water assessment.

WELL 08: This water system draws from 2 wells. The water delivered is known to have elevated nitrate and uranium levels, over half of respective MCLs. In addition, three standby wells have high uranium ranging from 211 to 285 pCi/L. Los Angeles County Environmental Health currently oversees this water system and conducted the required monitoring. There have been no contaminants detected in the water supply, however the source is still considered vulnerable to activities located near the drinking water source.

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete WELL06/WELL09 and WELL07 assessment may be viewed at:
Los Angeles County Environmental Health
2525 Corporate Pl. Room 150
Monterey Park, CA 91754

A copy of the complete WELL 08 assessment may be viewed at:
Los Angeles County Environmental Health
5050 Commerce Drive
Baldwin Park, CA 91706-1423

You may request a summary of the complete WELL06/WELL09 and WELL07 assessments be sent to you by contacting:
Russ Johnson
Chief Environmental Health Specialist
(323) 881-4147
(323) 269-4327 (fax)

You may request a summary of the WELL 08 assessment be sent to you by contacting:
Patrick Nejadian
Chief, Environmental Health Specialist
(626)430-5380
(626)813-3016 (fax)
pnejadian@dhs.co.la.ca.us

North Trails Mutual Water Co.

Analytical Results By FGL - 2015

LEAD AND COPPER RULE

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples
Copper		ppm		1.3	.3			0.05	10
CuPb - 11540 Durango Lane	SP 1506534-5	ppm				2015-06-10	ND		
CuPb - 11540 Durango Ln.	SP 1514068-5	ppm				2015-12-16	ND		
CuPb - 11705 Laramie Way	SP 1506534-3	ppm				2015-06-10	ND		
CuPb - 11710 Chisholm Ct.	SP 1506534-1	ppm				2015-06-10	ND		
CuPb - 11720 Laramie Way	SP 1506534-4	ppm				2015-06-10	ND		
CuPb - 11735 Chisholm Ct.	SP 1514068-8	ppm				2015-12-16	ND		
CuPb - 11735 Chisholm Ct.	SP 1506534-2	ppm				2015-06-10	ND		
CuPb - 33244 Pewter Rd.	SP 1514068-9	ppm				2015-12-16	0.09		
CuPb - 33310 Trail Ranch	SP 1514068-7	ppm				2015-12-16	0.05		
CuPb - 33410 Trail Ranch Rd.	SP 1514068-6	ppm				2015-12-16	ND		

SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Sodium		ppm		none	none			86	60 - 111
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	111		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	60		
Hardness		ppm		none	none			131.4	20.7 - 242
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	20.7		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	242		

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS)

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Aluminum		ppm		1	0.6			0.63	ND - 1.90
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 09	SP 1110771-1	ppm				2011-10-19	ND		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	1.90		
Arsenic		ppb		10	0.004			15	15 - 15
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppb				2015-12-16	15		
Fluoride		ppm		2	1			2.7	0.3 - 5.0
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	5.0		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	0.3		
Nitrate as N		ppm		10	10			ND	ND - 3.8
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 07	SP 1514067-5	ppm				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 07	SP 1510032-5	ppm				2015-09-09	ND		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1514067-7	ppm				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1510032-7	ppm				2015-09-09	ND		
Well 09	SP 1514067-8	ppm				2015-12-16	3.8		
Well 09	SP 1510032-8	ppm				2015-09-09	3.6		
Nitrate + Nitrite as N		ppm		10	10			2.8	0.4 - 5.2
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	0.4		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	5.2		
Gross Alpha		pCi/L		15	(0)			5.251	ND - 13.2
Well 07	SP 1514064-1	pCi/L				2015-12-16	2.69		
Well 07	SP 1510030-1	pCi/L				2015-09-09	ND		
Well 07	SP 1506533-1	pCi/L				2015-06-10	2.35		
Well 07	SP 1503327-1	pCi/L				2015-03-25	1.18		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1514064-2	pCi/L				2015-12-16	7.66		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1510030-2	pCi/L				2015-09-09	2.55		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1506533-2	pCi/L				2015-06-10	6.10		

Well 08 - Pending	SP 1503327-2	pCi/L				2015-03-25	6.96		
Well 09	SP 1514064-3	pCi/L				2015-12-16	13.2		
Well 09	SP 1510030-3	pCi/L				2015-09-09	9.82		
Uranium		pCi/L		20	0.43			2.820	ND - 6.79
Well 07	SP 1514064-1	pCi/L				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 07	SP 1510030-1	pCi/L				2015-09-09	ND		
Well 07	SP 1506533-1	pCi/L				2015-06-10	ND		
Well 07	SP 1503327-1	pCi/L				2015-03-25	ND		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1514064-2	pCi/L				2015-12-16	3.62		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1510030-2	pCi/L				2015-09-09	5.49		
Well 08 - PENDING	SP 1506533-2	pCi/L				2015-06-10	3.54		
Well 08 - Pending	SP 1503327-2	pCi/L				2015-03-25	5.14		
Well 09	SP 1514064-3	pCi/L				2015-12-16	6.79		
Well 09	SP 1510030-3	pCi/L				2015-09-09	3.62		
Toluene		ppb		150	150			ND	ND - 0.6
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppb				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppb				2011-08-25	0.6		

TREATED PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS)

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Gross Alpha		pCi/L		15	(0)			6.16	6.16 - 6.16
11540 Durango Lane	SP 1503327-4	pCi/L				2015-03-25	6.16		
Uranium		pCi/L		20	0.43			4.94	4.94 - 4.94
11540 Durango Lane	SP 1503327-4	pCi/L				2015-03-25	4.94		

SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (SDWS)

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Chloride		ppm		500	n/a			59	27 - 90
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	27		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	90		
Iron		ppb		300	n/a			425	ND - 850
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppb				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppb				2011-08-25	850		
Manganese		ppb		50	n/a			ND	ND - 20
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppb				2015-12-16	ND		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppb				2011-08-25	20		
Specific Conductance		umhos/cm		1600	n/a			628	525 - 730
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	umhos/cm				2015-12-16	525		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	umhos/cm				2011-08-25	730		
Sulfate		ppm		500	n/a			29	25 - 33
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	25		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	33		
Total Dissolved Solids		ppm		1000	n/a			345	310 - 380
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	310		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	380		
Turbidity		NTU		5	n/a			0.6	0.6 - 0.6
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	NTU				2011-08-25	0.6		

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Boron		ppm		NS	n/a			1.5	0.1 - 2.9
Well 07	SP 1514065-1	ppm				2015-12-16	2.9		
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	ppm				2011-08-25	0.1		

North Trails Mutual Water Co.

CCR Login Linkage - 2015

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
11540 Durango L	SP 1503327-4	2015-03-25	Radio Chemistry	11540 Durango Lane	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1500775-1	2015-01-21	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1501920-1	2015-02-18	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1503328-1	2015-03-25	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1504053-1	2015-04-15	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1505317-1	2015-05-13	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1506531-1	2015-06-10	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
Bacti-Rout-ss01	SP 1508111-1	2015-07-21	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1509546-1	2015-08-26	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1510031-1	2015-09-09	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1511534-1	2015-10-14	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1512947-1	2015-11-18	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
	SP 1514066-1	2015-12-16	Coliform	Bacti - 11540 Durango Lane	Bacti Monitoring
11540 Durango L	SP 1506534-5	2015-06-10	Metals, Total	CuPb - 11540 Durango Lane	Cu & Pb Monitoring
CuPb-ss05	SP 1514068-5	2015-12-16	Metals, Total	CuPb - 11540 Durango Ln.	Cu & Pb Monitoring
11705 Laramie W	SP 1506534-3	2015-06-10	Metals, Total	CuPb - 11705 Laramie Way	Cu & Pb Monitoring
11710 Chisholm	SP 1506534-1	2015-06-10	Metals, Total	CuPb - 11710 Chisholm Ct.	Cu & Pb Monitoring
11720 Laramie W	SP 1506534-4	2015-06-10	Metals, Total	CuPb - 11720 Laramie Way	Cu & Pb Monitoring
11735 Chisholm	SP 1506534-2	2015-06-10	Metals, Total	CuPb - 11735 Chisholm Ct.	Cu & Pb Monitoring
CuPb-ss02	SP 1514068-8	2015-12-16	Metals, Total	CuPb - 11735 Chisholm Ct.	Cu & Pb Monitoring
Bacti-Rout-ss02	SP 1514068-9	2015-12-16	Metals, Total	CuPb - 33244 Pewter Rd.	Cu & Pb Monitoring
33310 Trail Ran	SP 1514068-7	2015-12-16	Metals, Total	CuPb - 33310 Trail Ranch	Cu & Pb Monitoring
Bacti-Rout-ss03	SP 1514068-6	2015-12-16	Metals, Total	CuPb - 33410 Trail Ranch Rd.	Cu & Pb Monitoring
Well 07	SP 1503327-1	2015-03-25	Radio Chemistry	Well 07	Radio Monitoring
WELL 07	SP 1506533-1	2015-06-10	Radio Chemistry	Well 07	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1510030-1	2015-09-09	Radio Chemistry	Well 07	Radio Monitoring
Well 07	SP 1510032-5	2015-09-09	Wet Chemistry	Well 07	Nitrate Monitoring
WELL 07	SP 1514065-1	2015-12-16	EPA 524.2	Well 07	Water Quality - Well 7
	SP 1514064-1	2015-12-16	Radio Chemistry	Well 07	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1514065-1	2015-12-16	General Mineral	Well 07	Water Quality - Well 7
	SP 1514065-1	2015-12-16	Metals, Total	Well 07	Water Quality - Well 7
Well 07	SP 1514067-5	2015-12-16	Wet Chemistry	Well 07	Nitrate Monitoring
Well 08	SP 1503327-2	2015-03-25	Radio Chemistry	Well 08 - Pending	Radio Monitoring
WELL 08	SP 1506533-2	2015-06-10	Radio Chemistry	Well 08 - PENDING	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1510030-2	2015-09-09	Radio Chemistry	Well 08 - PENDING	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1510032-7	2015-09-09	Wet Chemistry	Well 08 - PENDING	Nitrate Monitoring
	SP 1514064-2	2015-12-16	Radio Chemistry	Well 08 - PENDING	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1514067-7	2015-12-16	Wet Chemistry	Well 08 - PENDING	Nitrate Monitoring
Well 09	SP 1108651-1	2011-08-25	Wet Chemistry	Well 09	Title 22 Analysis
	SP 1108651-1	2011-08-25	EPA 524.2	Well 09	Title 22 Analysis
	SP 1108651-1	2011-08-25	General Mineral	Well 09	Title 22 Analysis
	SP 1108651-1	2011-08-25	Metals, Total	Well 09	Title 22 Analysis
	SP 1110771-1	2011-10-19	Metals, Total	Well 09	Well 9
WELL 09	SP 1510030-3	2015-09-09	Radio Chemistry	Well 09	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1510032-8	2015-09-09	Wet Chemistry	Well 09	Nitrate Monitoring
	SP 1514064-3	2015-12-16	Radio Chemistry	Well 09	Radio Monitoring
	SP 1514067-8	2015-12-16	Wet Chemistry	Well 09	Nitrate Monitoring